



- Altered and mineralized Cambrian and Ordovician lower-plate carbonate rocks in the underexplored Callaghan Window
- Mineralization and alteration, including widespread decalcification and gold-bearing jasperoids, controlled by anticlinal folds and normal faults
- Drill target delineation by Orogen has identified three principal targets: Charlie, Delta and Bravo
- Charlie Target covers a region of jasperoids and gold bearing historical shallow drilling at the untested intersection of an anticline hinge and normal fault
- Delta Target covers a zone of decalcification and silicification with untested host rocks at depth
- Bravo Target covers a zone of mineralized jasperoids at surface with a blind Ruby Deeps analog at depth

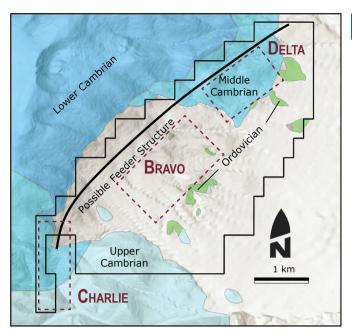


CALLAGHAN LOCATION

Two hundred fourteen claims located on BLM ground covering approximately 18 km² Twenty kilometres northeast of Austin, Nevada.

PROJECT GEOLOGY

Cambrian-Ordovician lower plate rocks exposed within the Callaghan window.

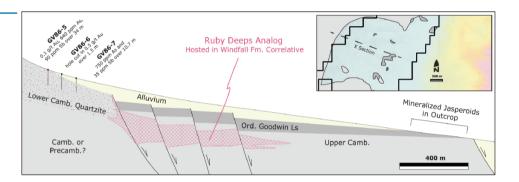


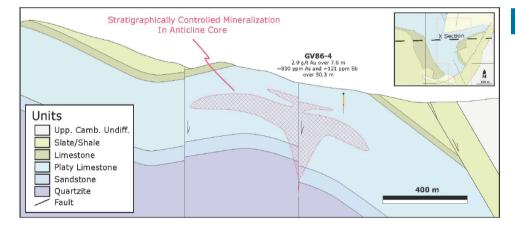
PROJECT GEOLOGY

- ► Cambrian-Ordovician lower plate rocks within the Callaghan Window
- Widespread decalcification, jasperoids, gold and pathfinder anomalism
- Mineralization associated with normal faults and anticline hinges
- Immediately south of the late Eocene Hall Creek Caldera margin, dykes intercepted under alluvial cover in historical drilling
- Three drill targets delineated by Orogen

BRAVO TARGET

- Shallow alluvium proximal to major mineralizing structure
- ► Alteration in Ord. Limestone over prospective Cambrian rocks
- ► Analogous host rock to Ruby Deeps deposit ~1.5 Moz @ 6g/t





CHARLIE TARGET

- Structural target at intersection of anticline axis and normal fault
- Alteration observed at surface in the fold hinge
- Historic shallow drilling returned anomalous gold and pathfinder elements

DELTA TARGET

- Gold and pathfinder anomalism over more than two kilometres in jasperoids and decalcified carbonates
- Hypothezised fault sliver of prospective platy carbonate at depth

